

Figure 1: Mortality rates from drug poisoning increased for both males and females in 2021

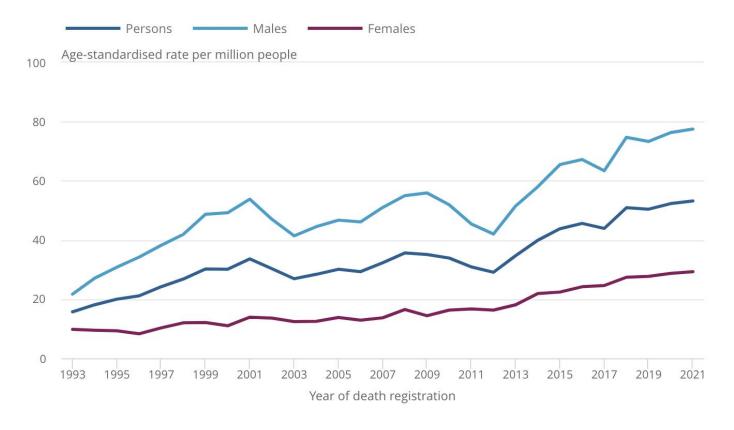
Age-standardised mortality rates for deaths related to drug poisoning, by sex, England and Wales, registered between 1993 and 2021



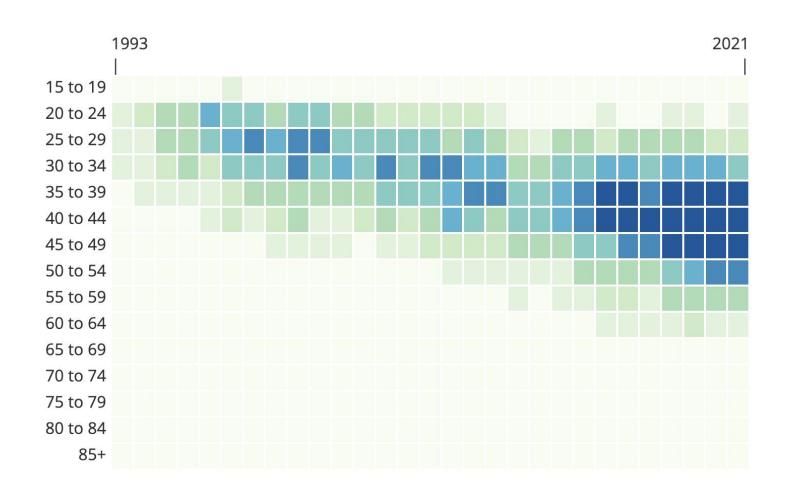
# The rate of drug poisoning deaths continues to increase

Figure 2: Rates of drug misuse deaths increased in 2021

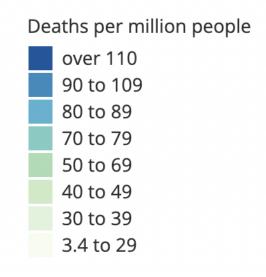
Age-standardised mortality rates for deaths related to drug misuse, by sex, England and Wales, registered between 1993 and 2021



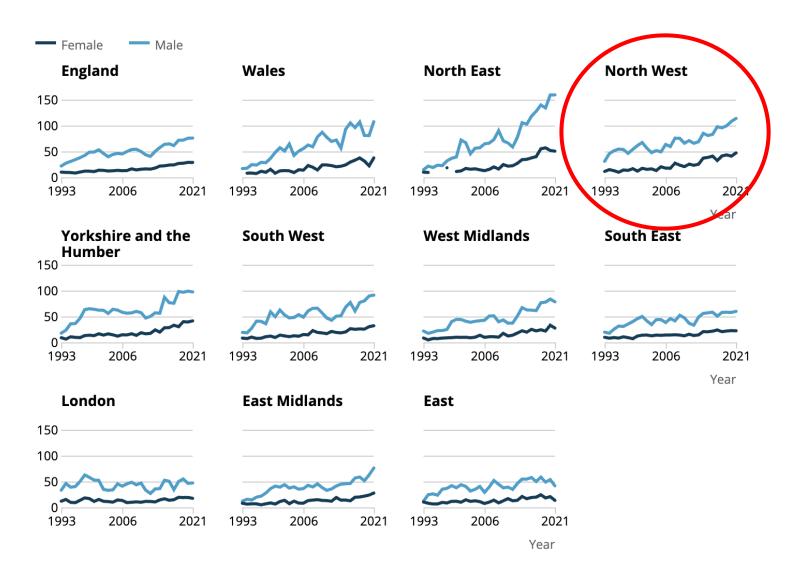
Rates of drug misuse death have continued to increase



People born in the 1970s continue to have the highest rates of drug misuse deaths



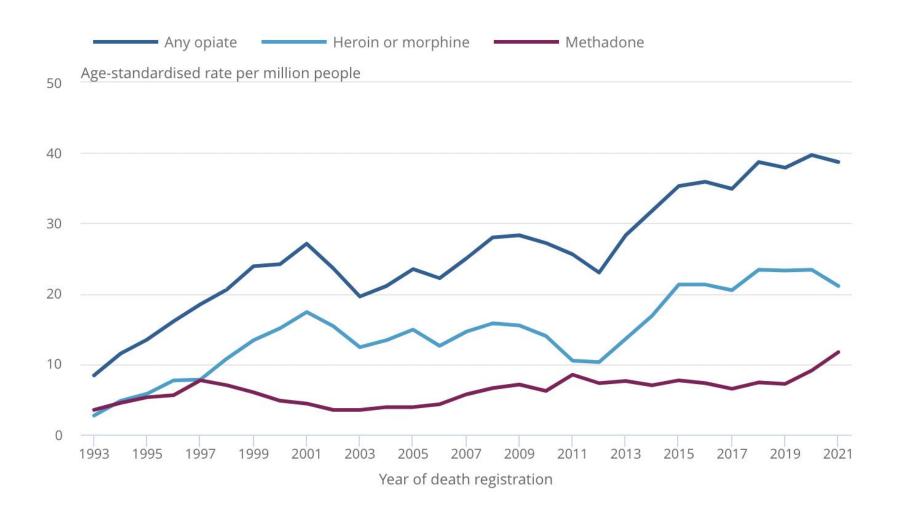
Source: Office for National Statistics - Deaths related to drug poisoning in England and Wales



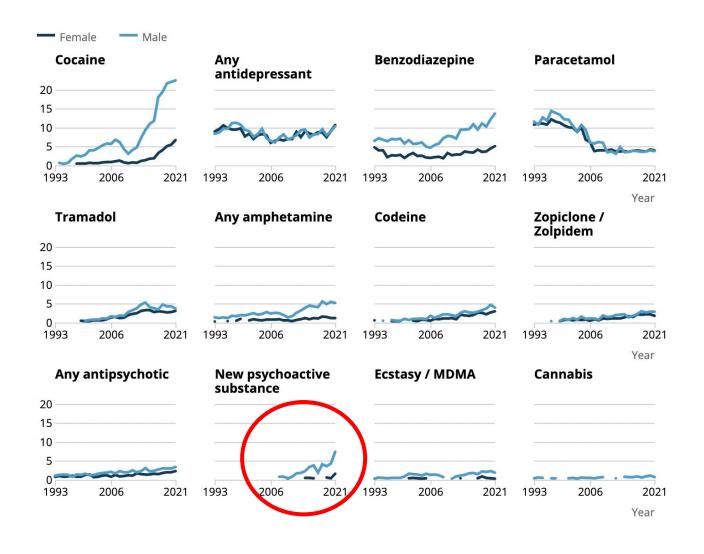
The North East has
had the highest rate of
drug misuse deaths of
any English region for
nine consecutive years
– but the North West
is again second

## Almost half of all drug poisonings continue to involve an opiate

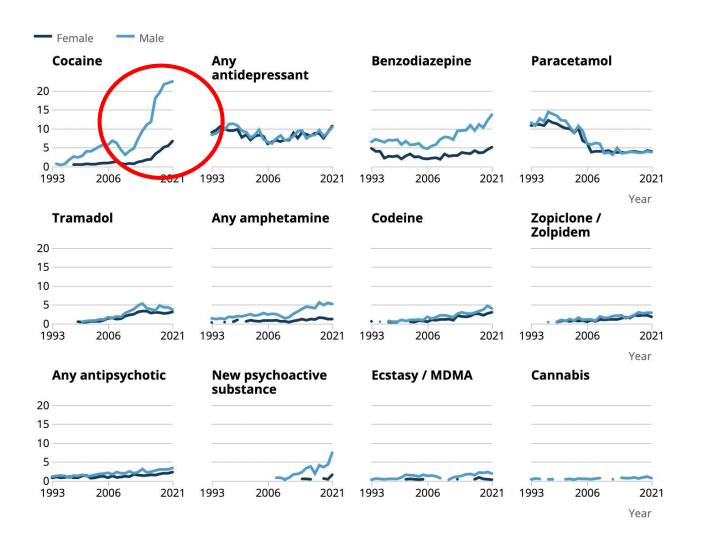
- For deaths registered in 2021, a total of 2,219 drug poisoning deaths involved opiates; this was 1.9% lower than in 2020 (2,263 deaths). Opiates were involved in just under half (45.7%) of drug poisonings registered in 2021, increasing to 61.0% when we exclude deaths that had no drug type recorded on the death certificate.
- Of the drug poisoning deaths registered in 2021, 25.1% (1,219) had no drug type recorded on the coroner's death certificate (for example, records only mention "drug overdose" or "multiple drug toxicity").
- Heroin and morphine continued to be the most frequently mentioned opiates with 1,213 drug poisoning deaths mentioning either one of these substances in 2021 (21.1 deaths per million people).



Rates of deaths involving methadone significantly increased in 2021

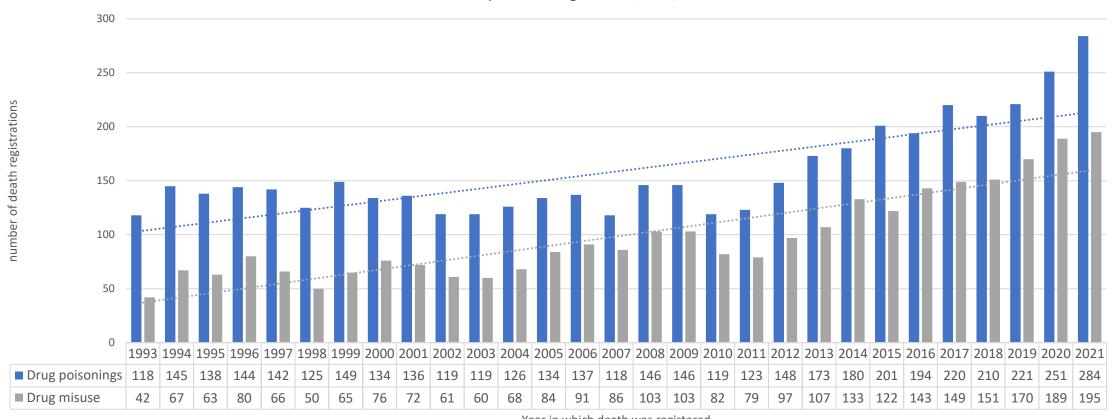


Significant increase in deaths involving new psychoactive substances (NPS) in 2021



Cocaine deaths rise for the tenth consecutive year

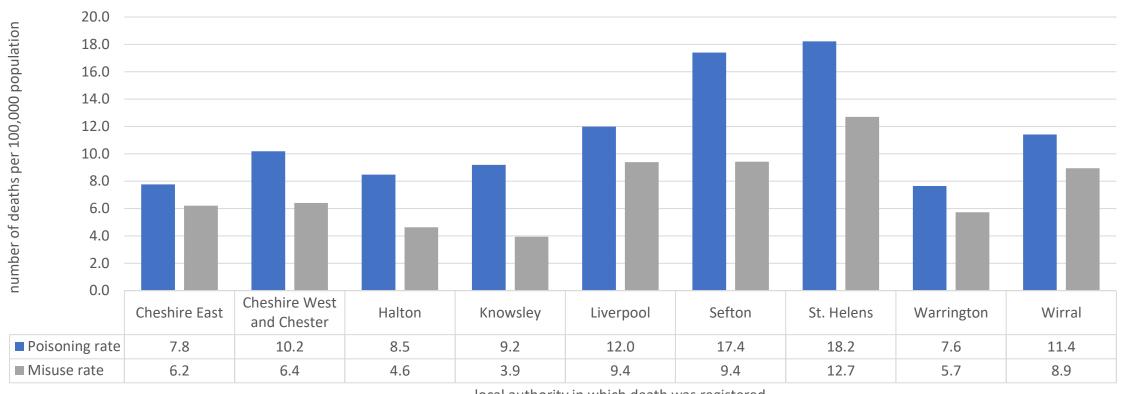
#### Cheshire and Merseyside DRD registrations, ONS, 1993-2021



Year in which death was registered

Drug poisonings Drug misuse ...... Linear (Drug poisonings) ..... Linear (Drug misuse)

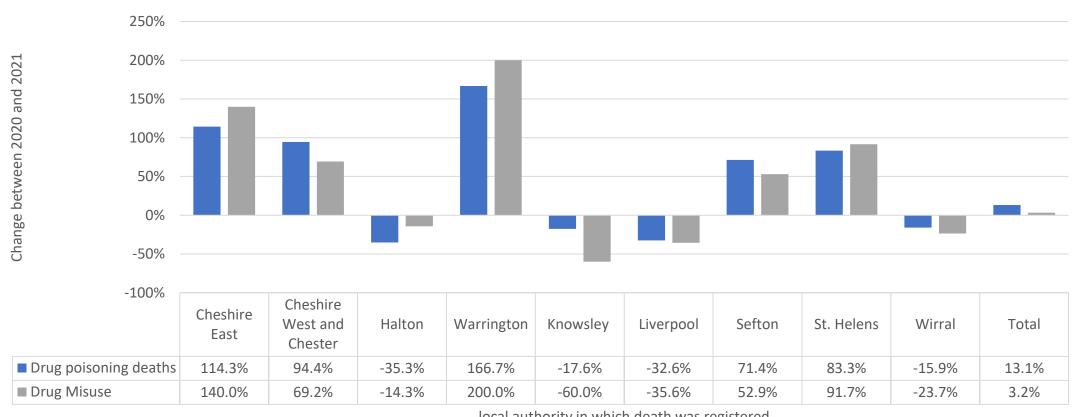
Number of drug poisoning/misuse death registrations per 100,000 people, Cheshire and Merseyside local authorities, 2021



local authority in which death was registered

■ Poisoning rate ■ Misuse rate

Change in deaths from drug poisoning/misuse registrations by Cheshire and Merseyside local authorities, 2020 to 2021



local authority in which death was registered

■ Drug poisoning deaths ■ Drug Misuse

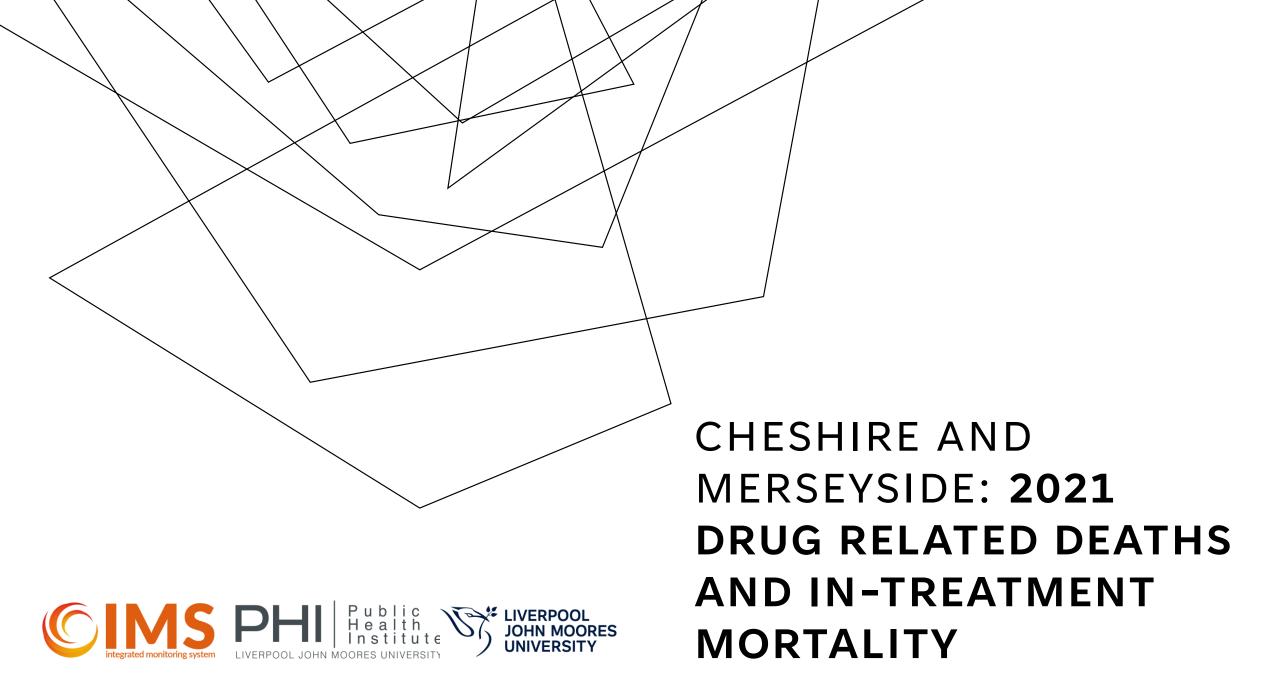
## Possible explanations for the increase in drug-related deaths

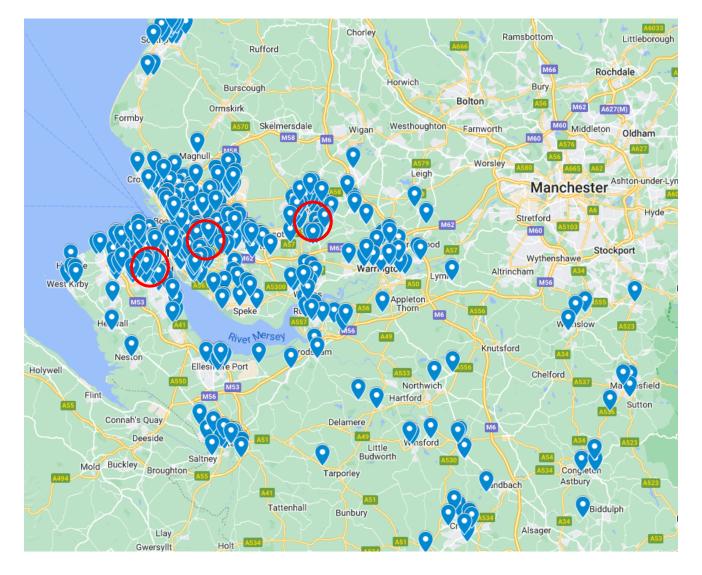
Across Europe, rates of deaths involving heroin or morphine have been increasing, while the number of new heroin and morphine users has fallen. This indicates higher rates of death among existing long-term drug users. Possible explanations include that:

- ageing cohort of drug users
- new trends in taking specific drugs may increase the risk of an overdose
- increase in disengagement or non-compliance with opiate substitute therapy (OST)
- rise in deaths involving cocaine is likely to be a direct consequence of the increasing prevalence in cocaine use.

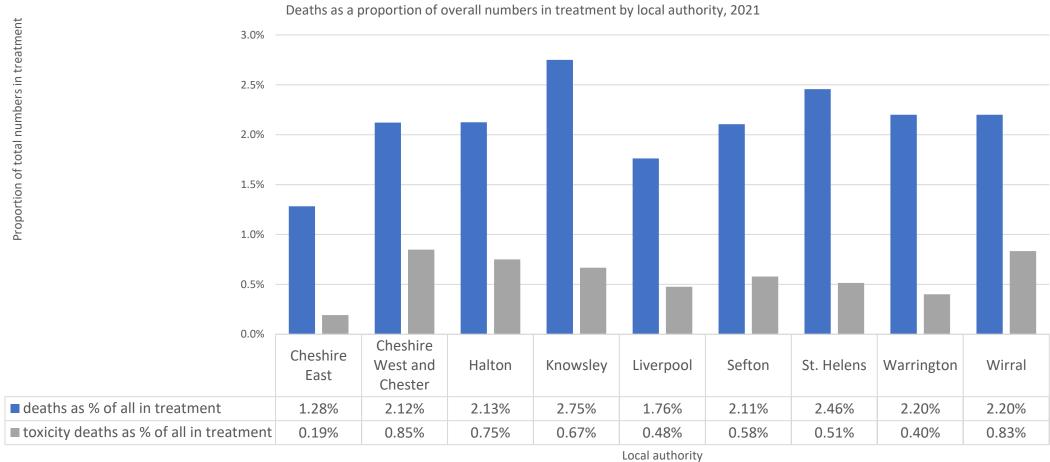
## Death registration delays in 2021 were the highest on record

- Most deaths related to drug poisoning in England and Wales are certified by coroners. The length of time it takes to hold an inquest results in a delay between the date a death occurred and the date of registration. This means that around half of the deaths reported in this bulletin will have occurred in the previous year.
- In 2021, the median registration delay for drug poisonings was 205 days (203 days for misuse) in England, up from 189 days in 2020. In Wales in 2021, the delay was 315.5 days (325.5 days for misuse), up from 230.5 in the previous year. Registration delays for 2021 are the highest since the time series began in 1993, amid disruption caused by the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.



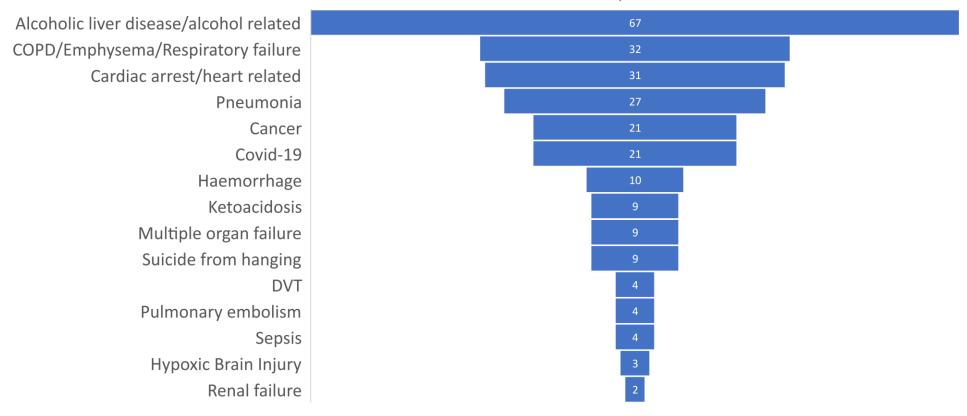


Deaths reported by provider	Total deaths reported by provider			DRD deaths reported by provider		
Local authority	2020	2021	Change	2020	2021	Change
Cheshire East	22	20	-9.1%	3	3	0
Cheshire West and Chester	19	35	+84.2%	4	14	+250.0%
Halton	18	17	-5.6%	2	6	+200.0%
Knowsley	29	33	+13.8%	8	8	0
Liverpool	77	74	-3.9%	27	20	-25.9%
Sefton	36	40	+11.1%	9	11	+22.2%
St. Helens	27	43	-59.3%	4	9	+125.0%
Warrington	21	22	+4.8%	6	4	-33.0%
Wirral	56	66	+17.9%	13	25	+92.4%



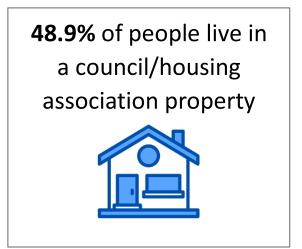
■ toxicity deaths as % of all in treatment deaths as % of all in treatment

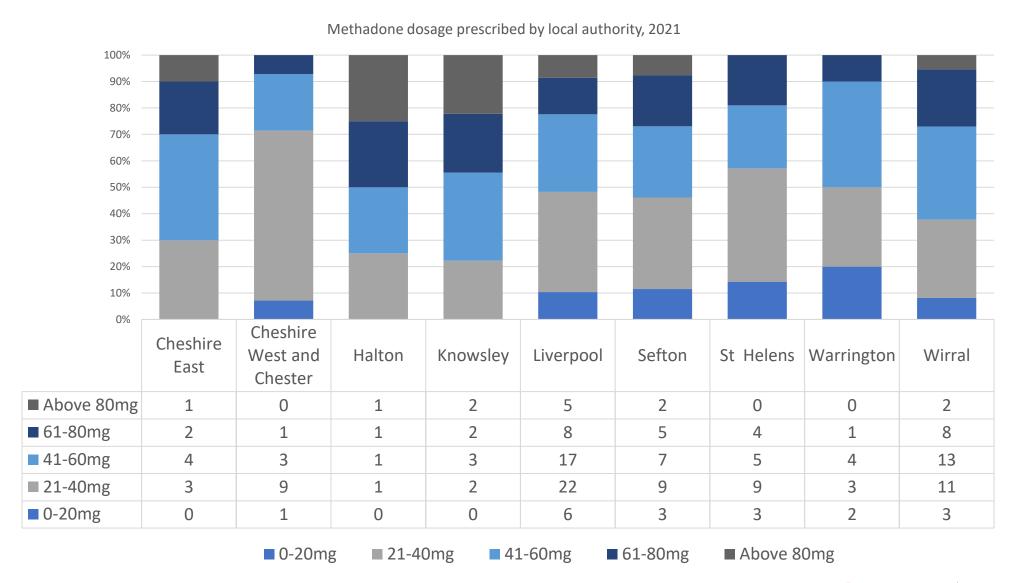




70.7% of individuals are single

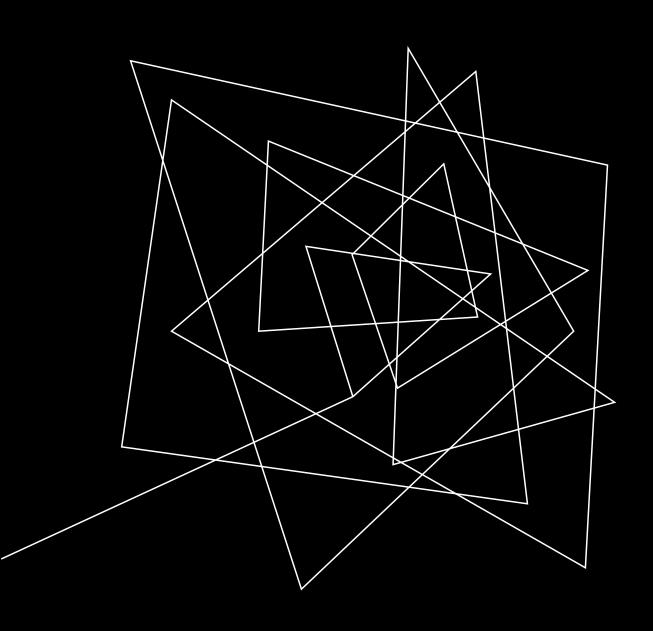






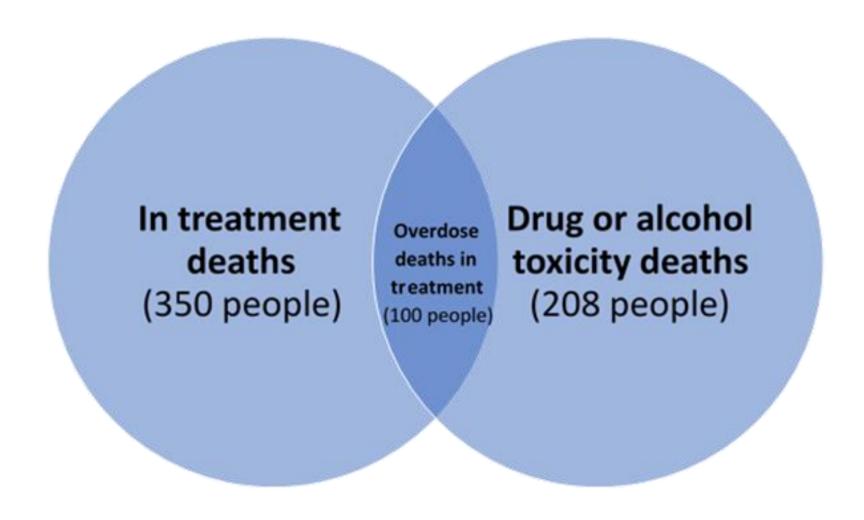


Prescribed medications	Total 2021	% of 2021 total	% of 2020 total	Change
Thiamine/Vitamin B1	138	45.8%	85.0%	-46.0%
Inhaler	112	37.2%	35.7%	+4.2%
Mirtazapine	102	33.9%	33.1%	+2.4%
Gabapentin	90	29.9%	24.1%	+24.3%
Salbutamol	81	26.9%	25.6%	+5.3%
Omeprazole	73	24.3%	26.3%	-7.8%
Pregabalin	71	23.6%	19.2%	+23.0%
Lansoprazole	65	21.6%	13.2%	+64.1%
Zopiclone	46	15.3%	12.0%	+27.0%
Sertraline	45	15.0%	17.7%	-15.4%
Paracetamol	35	11.6%	7.9%	+47.3%
Ensure	34	11.3%	10.2%	+11.3%
Diazepam	33	11.0%	14.3%	-23.3%
Carbocisteine	28	9.3%	10.5%	-11.6%
Furosemide	26	8.6%	5.6%	+53.2%
Amitriptyline	25	8.3%	7.1%	+16.3%
Olanzapine	23	7.6%	8.6%	-11.6%
Dihydrocodeine/Codeine	21	7.0%	6.8%	+3.1%
Fluoxetine	21	7.0%	2.6%	+165.1%

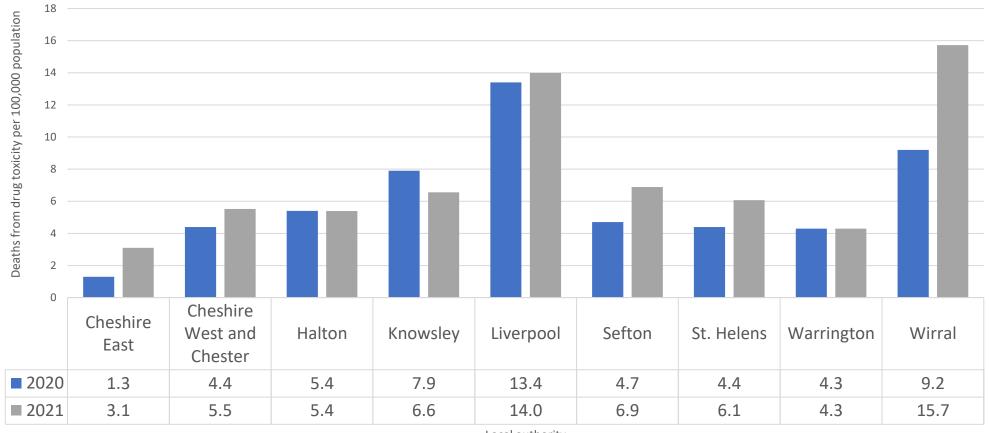


## TOXICITY DEATHS

IMS 2021 DATA FOR CHESHIRE AND MERSEYSIDE

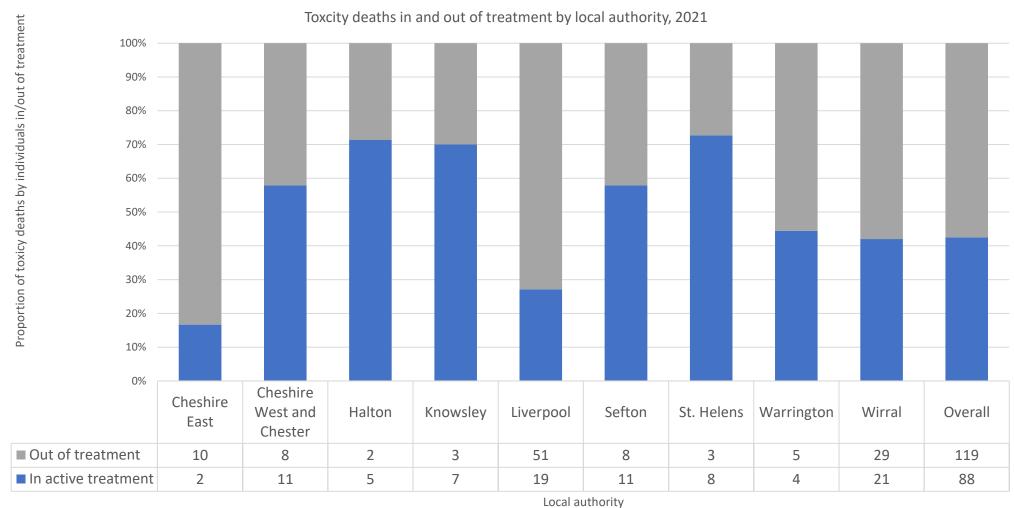


#### Toxicity deaths per 100,000 population by local authority, 2020-21



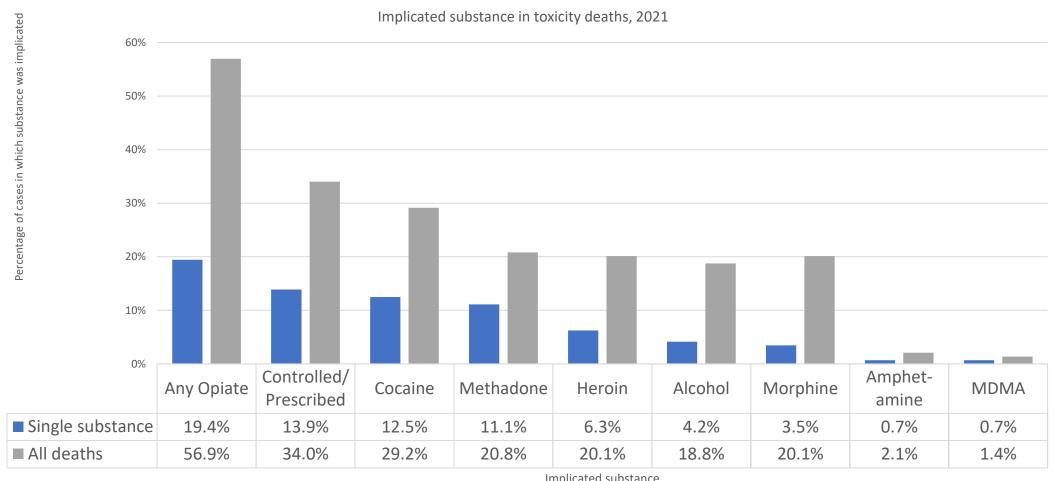
Local authority

■ 2020 ■ 2021



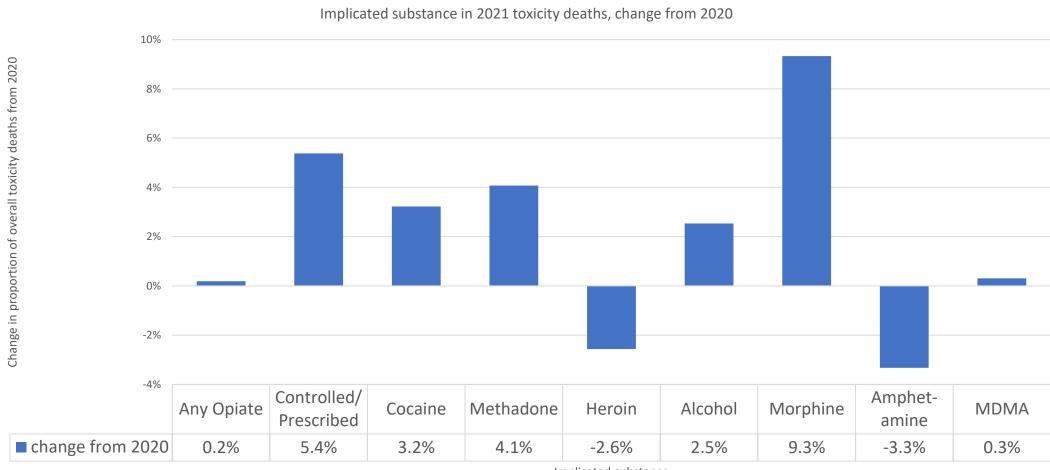
■ In active treatment ■ Out of treatment

Toxicology (all cases)	Count	% of 2021 total	2020 %	Change
Any with opiate metabolites	113	68.1%	71.4%	-4.7%
Ethanol/Alcohol	83	50.0%	44.7%	+11.9%
Morphine	79	47.6%	43.8%	+8.7%
Any with cocaine metabolites	78	47.0%	37.3%	+25.9%
Benzoylecgonine	65	39.2%	21.7%	+80.8%
Dihydrocodeine/Codeine	60	36.1%	25.3%	+42.6%
Cocaine	52	31.3%	30.9%	+1.5%
Methadone/EDDP	48	28.9%	29.5%	-2.0%
Diazepam	43	25.9%	18.9%	+37.1%
Pregabalin	35	21.1%	20.3%	+4.0%
Mirtazapine	27	16.3%	17.5%	-7.1%
M3G/M6G	23	13.9%	24.9%	-44.3%
Sertraline	20	12.0%	6.9%	+74.3%
THC	20	12.0%	8.8%	+37.6%
Cocaethylene	15	9.0%	10.6%	-14.7%
Gabapentin	11	6.6%	6.9%	-4.1%
Olanzapine	11	6.6%	6.5%	+2.7%
Zopiclone	11	6.6%	6.9%	-4.1%
Quetiapine	9	5.4%	3.7%	+47.1%
Temazepam	9	5.4%	1.8%	+194.1%
Tramadol	9	5.4%	11.1%	-51.0%
Amitriptyline	8	4.8%	7.8%	-38.5%
Fluoxetine	8	4.8%	3.2%	+49.4%



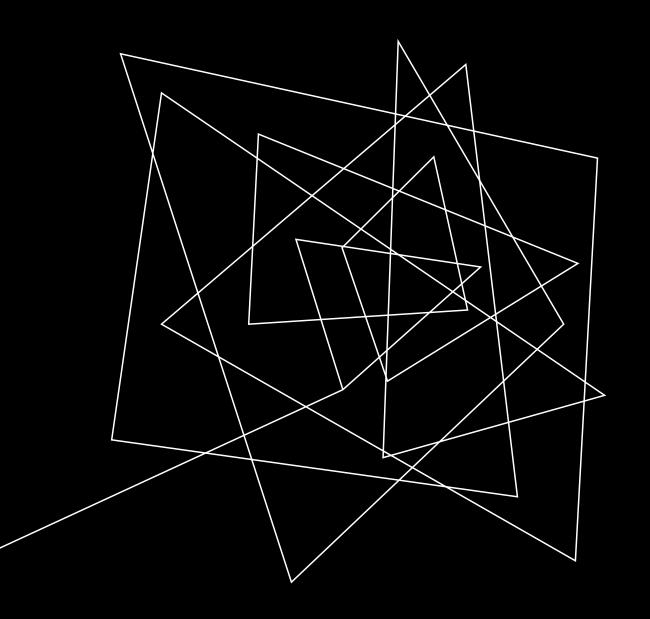
Implicated substance

■ Single substance ■ All deaths



Implicated substance

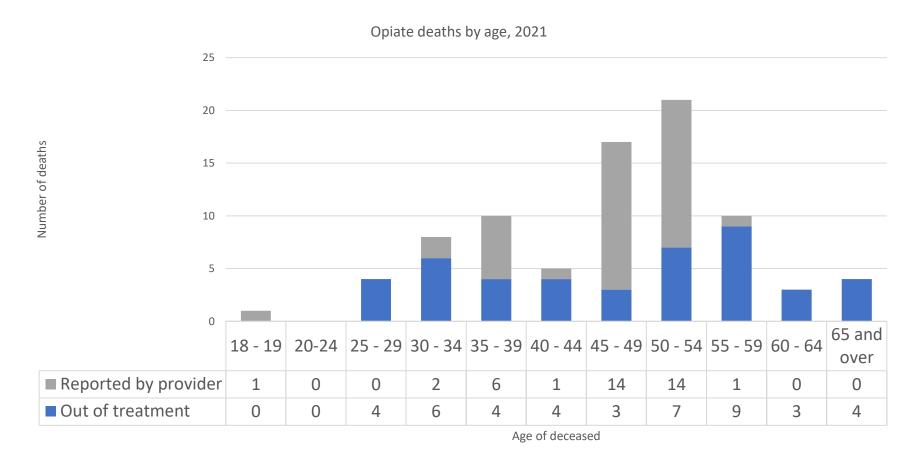
Implicated controlled mode	Total	% of controlled meds	% of overall toxicity	
Implicated controlled meds	IUlai	toxicity deaths	deaths	
Amitriptyline	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Anti-depressants (generic)	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Benzodiazepines	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Buprenorphine	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Diazepam	6	11.8%	4.2%	
Dihydrocodeine/Codeine	14	27.5%	9.7%	
Duloxetine	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Fluoxetine	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Gabapentin	8	15.7%	5.6%	
Mirtazapine	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Mitragynine	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Nortriptyline	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Paracetamol	6	11.8%	4.2%	
Paroxetine	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Pregabalin	4	7.8%	2.8%	
Propranolol	3	5.9%	2.1%	
Sertraline	3	5.9%	2.1%	
Temazepam	1	2.0%	0.7%	
Tramadol	6	11.8%	4.2%	
Venlafaxine	2	3.9%	1.4%	
Zopiclone	2	3.9%	1.4%	



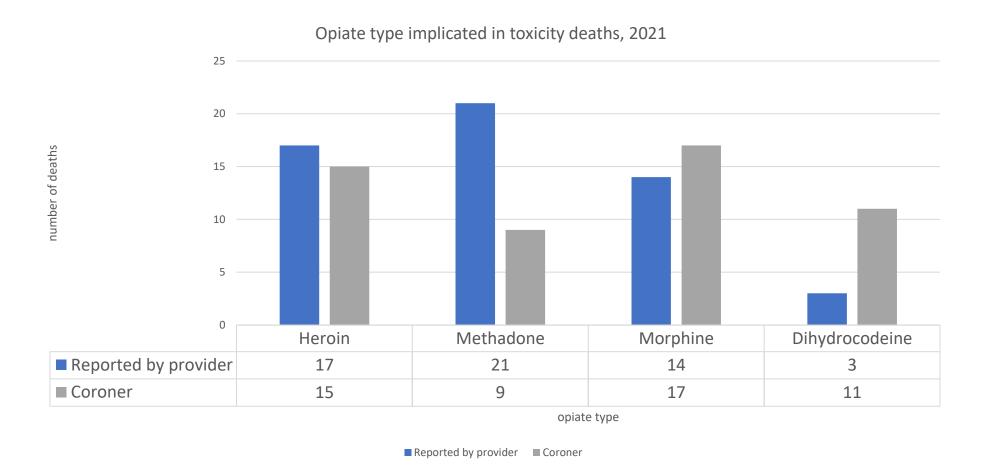


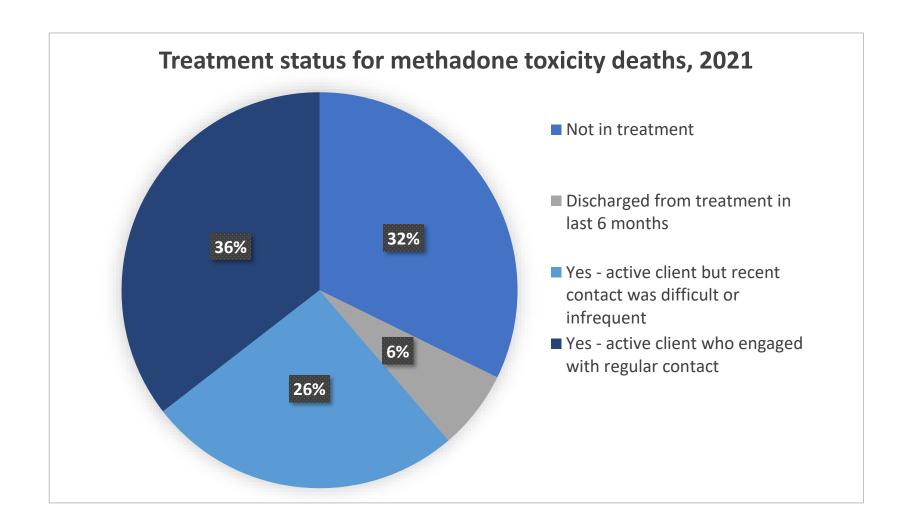
# **OPIATE** TOXICITY DEATHS

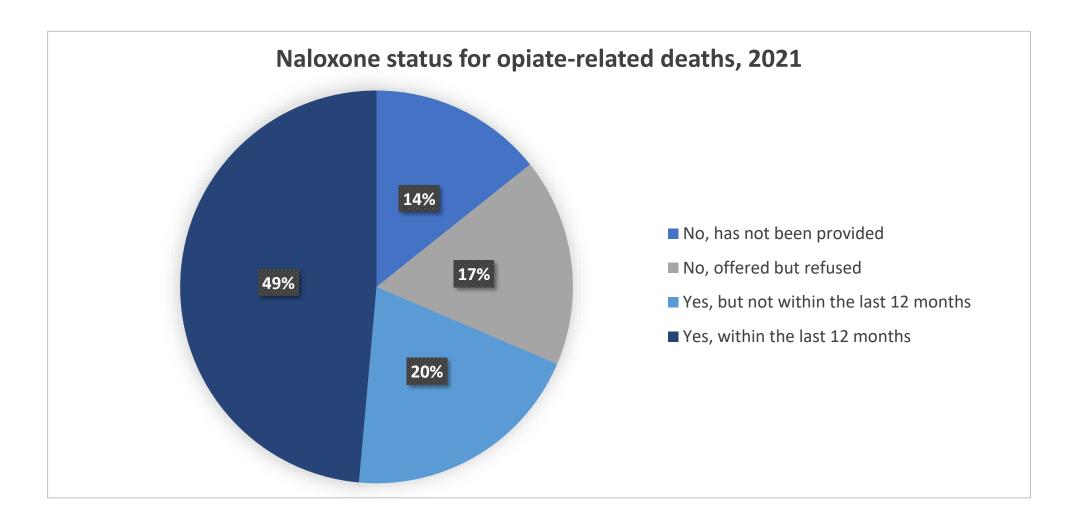
IMS 2021 DATA FOR CHESHIRE AND MERSEYSIDE



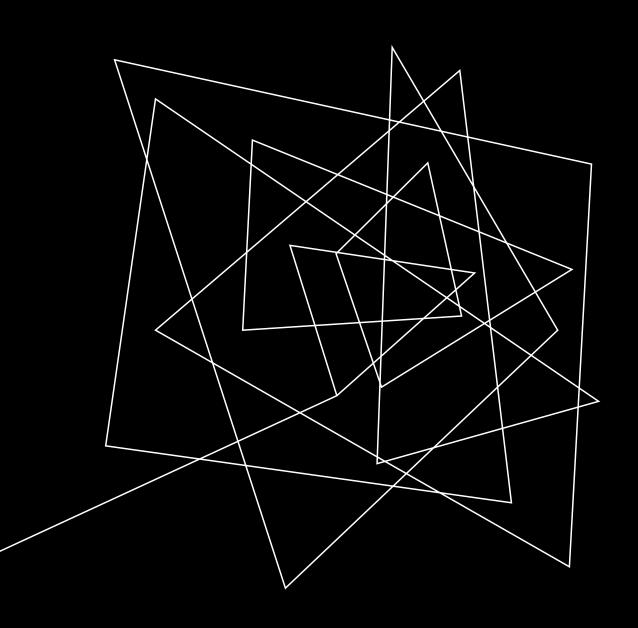
■ Out of treatment ■ Reported by provider







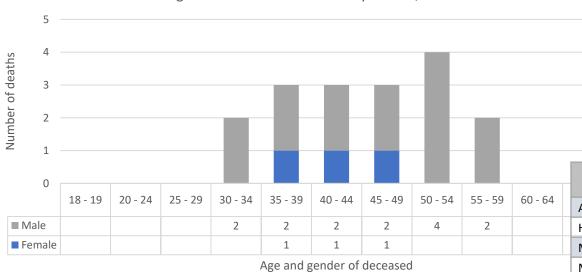
	Treatment provider - N	DTMS record injecting sta				
IMS - NSP Needle and Syringe Transaction data	Currently Injecting	Previously Injected	Never Injected	Not stated	No NDTMS record or not in structured treatment	Total
Currently Injecting	22	34	21	1	4	82
Previously Injecting	3	50	25		22	100
No match to NSP activity recorded in IMS	5	21	148	1	116	291
Total	30	105	194	2	142	473



# COCAINE TOXICITY DEATHS

IMS 2021 DATA FOR CHESHIRE AND MERSEYSIDE





■ Female ■ Male

Single substance cocaine toxicity deaths, 2021

- 17 DRDs in which cocaine implicated on its own
- Further 26 with other substances

Further 26 deaths involved cocaine with other substances	count	proportion of cocaine related deaths
Any other opiate	23	85.2%
Heroin	15	55.6%
Methadone	12	44.4%
Morphine	8	29.6%
Cannabis	2	7.4%
Diazepam	2	7.4%
Other sedatives	2	7.4%
Alcohol	1	3.7%
Amphetamines	1	3.7%
Buprenorphine	1	3.7%
Dihydrocodeine	1	3.7%
Gabapentin	1	3.7%
MDMA	1	3.7%
Opiates (not stated)	1	3.7%
Other psychoactive drug	1	3.7%
Pregabalin	1	3.7%

#### Other causes of death mentioned

Acute congestive cardiac failure

Alcohol associated liver disease

Cardiac damage

Cardiomegaly & Ischaemic Heart Disease

COPD

Drowning with cardiomegaly, pulmonary emphysema

Hemopericardium; Thoracic Aortic Dissection

Hypertensive and vascular heart disease

Hypoxic brain injury; Cardiac Arrest

Intracerebral haemorrhage

Ischaemic heart disease

Natural causes

Pneumonia

Severe Bullous Emphysema